ICAR-National Research Centre for Integrated Pest Management, Pusa, New Delhi Weekly Status Report on Insects Pests & Diseases of Crops

Name of Institute: ICAR - INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SPICES RESEARCH, KOZHIKODE 673 012, KERALA Date: 06.07.2017 - 12.07.2017

			Major Insec	t Pests	Major Plant D	liseases	Other Pests	
Сгор	Crop Stage	Location (with GPS)	Name (Scientific Name)	Status (Low, Medium & Severe)	Name (Scientific Name)	Status (Low, Medium & Severe)	(Nematodes, Rat, etc.) (Scientific Name)	Pest Advisories
Black pepper	Nursery/ Vegetative	Idukki, Kozhikode, Wayanad (Kerala), Kodagu (Karnataka), Tamil Nadu	Mealybug (Planococcus sp., Ferrisia virgata) (Nursery) Scale insect (Protopulvinari a longivalvata) (Nursery)	Low	Stunt disease (Cucumber mosaic virus, Piper yellow mottle virus) Slow decline (Meloidogyne incognita., Radopholus similis)	Low	Nematodes (Radopholus similis, Meloidogyne incognita) (Nursery)	Field: Stunt disease Regular monitoring. Remove infected vines and destroy by burning or burying deep in soil. Control the vector (mealy bugs) by drenching neem oil (0.5%). Slow decline Remove and destroy severely affected vines. Apply neem cake
					Foliar infection/Foot rot (Phytophthora spp.) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum gloeosporioides) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum	Low Low Low		 @ 500g/vine and biocontrol agents like <i>Pochonia</i> chlamydosporia or <i>Trichoderma</i> harzianum @ 50 g/vine and metalaxyl-mancozeb (0.125%) may also be applied. Foliar infection/Foot rot Follow strict phytosanitation. After the receipt of few monsoon showers, all the vines are to be

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					gloeosporioides)		drenched at a radius of 45-50 cm
					(Nursery)		with copper oxychloride 0.2% @
					Viral infection	Low	5-10 litres/vine. A foliar spray
					(Nursery)		with Bordeaux mixture 1% is also
							to be given. Alternatively,
							drenching and spraying with
							potassium phosphonate 0.3% @ 5-
							10 litres/ vine (drench) or
							potassium phosphonate 0.3% @ 5-
							10 litres/ vine (drench) also may
							to be given.
							Anthracnose
							Prophylactic spraying with
							Bordeaux mixture (1%) or
							carbendazim - mancozeb (0.1%).
							Nursery:
							Anthracnose
							Spray Bordeaux mixture (1%).
							Viral infections
							Regular inspection and removal of
							infected plants. Regular
							monitoring for insects and spray
							with neem oil (0.5%) whenever
							infestation is noticed.
							Mealy bug and scale insect
							Spray neem oil (0.5%), once
							infestation is noticed.
							Nematodes
							Apply Pochonia chlamydosporia
							@ 1g/bag.
Cardamom	Vegetative/	Idukki,	Thrips	Medium	Leaf blight	Low	Leaf blight
	Panicle	Wayanad	(Sciothrips		(Colletotrichum		Maintain optimum shade level by
	initiation/	(Kerala),	cardamomi)		gloeosporioides)		providing 40-60% filtered light.
	Capsule	Kodagu	,		Azhukal/Capsule	Low	Katte/ Mosaic
	formation	(Karnataka)			rot		Prompt inspection of plantation,
L		(1			rempt inspection of prantition,

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	(Phytophthora	detection and rouging of virus
	<i>nicotianae</i> var.	sources (infected plants/
	nicotianae and	volunteers) to reduce re-infection.
	P. meadii)	The removed plants may be burnt
	Katte/Mosaic Low	or buried deep in soil. Removal of
	(Cardamom	natural hosts like Colocasia and
	mosaic virus)	<i>Caladium</i> to destroy breeding sites
	Chlorotic streak Low	and check population build-up of
	(Banana bract	the vector.
	mosaic virus)	Chlorotic streak
		Prompt inspection of plantation,
		detection and rouging of virus
		sources (infected plants/
		volunteers) to reduce re-infection.
		The removed plants may be burnt
		or buried deep in soil.
		Azhukal/Capsule rot
		Trashing and cleaning of the plant
		basin need to be carried out.
		Regulate thick shade.
		Prevent water logging by
		providing adequate drainage.
		Destroy disease affected portions
		and plant debris.
		Prophylactic sprays with
		Bordeaux mixture (1%).
		Alternatively, fosetyl-aluminium
		(0.2%) or potassium phosphonate
		(0.3%) can be used. Drench plant
		basin with copper oxychloride
		(0.2%).
		Thrips
		Spray quinalphos (0.075%).

Vanilla	Vegetative	Karnataka			Leaf spot	Low		Leaf spot
	_				(Colletotrichum			Provide 50% shade in the
					vanillae)			plantation. Spray Bordeaux
					Stem rot	Low		mixture (1%) at 15 - 20 days
					(Fusarium			interval.
					oxysporum f. sp.			Stem rot
					vanillae)			Remove and destroy infected plant
					Viral diseases	Low		parts. Apply Trichoderma
					(Bean common			harzianum and Pseudomonas
					mosaic virus,			<i>fluorescens</i> (cfu 10^8) 50 g per
					Bean yellow			vine.
					mosaic virus,			Viral diseases
					Cucumber mosaic			Regular inspection and removal of
					virus, Cymbidium			infected plants. The removed
					mosaic virus)			plants may be burnt or buried deep
								in soil. Control of vector (aphids)
								may be undertaken by spraying
								neem oil (0.5%).
Ginger	Vegetative	Karnataka,	Leaf roller	Low	Soft rot	Low	Nematodes	Soft rot
		Kerala	(Udaspes folus)		(Pythium		Root knot	As prophylactic measures: Use
					aphanidermatum		(Meloidogyne	disease-free seed rhizomes for
					and <i>P</i> .		spp.),	planting. Select well drained soil
					myriotylum)		Burrowing	for planting and provide adequate
					Leaf spot	Low	(Radopholus	drainage to prevent water
					(Phyllosticta		similis) and	stagnation. Treat seed rhizomes
					zingiberi)		Lesion	with mancozeb (0.3%) or
							(Pratylenchus	metalaxyl-mancozeb (0.125%) for
							spp.)	30 minutes before planting and
								drench at 30 and 60 days after
								planting.
								Nematodes
								As prophylactic measures: Use
								nematode-free healthy seed
								rhizomes for planting. In root knot
								nematode endemic regions, the

Turmeric	Vegetative	Andhra Pradesh, Telangana, Tamil Nadu, Odisha	Leaf roller (Udaspes folus)	Low	Rhizome rot (Pythium aphanidermatum)	Low	Nematodes Root knot (<i>Meloidogyne</i> spp.), Burrowing (<i>Radopholus</i> <i>similis</i>) and Lesion (<i>Pratylenchus</i> spp.)	resistant variety IISR Mahima may be cultivated. The bioagent, <i>Pochonia chlamydosporia</i> may be incorporated in ginger beds (20 g/bed with 10 ⁶ cfu/g) at the time of planting. Leaf spot Spray Bordeaux mixture (1%) or mancozeb (0.2%) or carbendazim (0.2%) when the initial symptoms appear. Care should be taken that the spray solution should reach lower surface of the leaves also. Leaf roller Spraying malathion (0.1%) at 21 days intervals. Soft rot As prophylactic measures: Use disease-free seed rhizomes for planting. Select well drained soil for planting and provide adequate drainage to prevent water stagnation. Treat seed rhizomes with mancozeb (0.3%) for 30 minutes before planting and drench at 30 and 60 days after planting. Nematodes As prophylactic measures: Use nematode-free healthy seed

				incorporated in ginger beds (20 g/bed with 10 ⁶ cfu/g) at the time of planting. Leaf roller Spraying malathion (0.1%) at 21 days intervals.
Nutmeg	Bearing	Kerala	Leaf fall and Low	Leaf fall and fruit rot
			fruit rot	In endemic regions, spray
			(Diplodia	Bordeaux mixture (1%) covering
			natalensis and	both foliage and fruits as a
			Phytophthora sp.)	prophylactic measure.